The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. V. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1868. NO. 294.

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

THE COMMERCIAL PUBLISHING COMPANY.

OFFICE, 76 FOURTH STREET.

C. D. HEISLEY, ... Editor.

R. D. THOMPSON, ... Business Manager.

TERMS OF THE DAILY:

Single copy ..... 2 cents.
Per week ..... 12½ cents.
Per month ..... 50 cents.
Per year $6 00
Per year, including postage $7 20
Per year, to subscribers in the country $6 00
Per year, including postage $7 20
Per year, to clubs of ten $50 00
Per year, including postage $60 00
Per year, to clubs of twenty $100 00
Per year, including postage $120 00
Per year, to clubs of thirty $150 00
Per year, including postage $180 00
Per year, to clubs of forty $200 00
Per year, including postage $240 00
Per year, to clubs of fifty $250 00
Per year, including postage $300 00
Per year, to clubs of one hundred $500 00
Per year, including postage $600 00

LOCAL NOTICES.

Fire Home Petition.

Ice Water Signal.

Fall Goods.

The Cheapest Clothing Store and Gentlemen's Furnishing House

The Celebrated Schuttler

Boots & Shoes, 42 Fifth Street.

Buffalo Combs.

The New Jackson

Financiers.

The People's Photograph Gallery—Reduction in Prices.

Go to Gilmore's Factory

The Very Finest

Military Goods, Ribbons, &c.,

Country Merchants

Go Whistler About It

Just Received,

Plastering

Patents.

Bricklaying and Joining

Banks Surveying and Tools at Auction

Dancing, Instruction.

A Few and Reserve

The Greatest Natural Water.

62 Market Street, 62.

Buffalo Combs.

Steel Plates.

The Daily Commercial

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The yacht "Challenge," of New York, was last on the east coast of Long Island Sound, Saturday, the crew were picked up and brought to New York by the steamer Wainright, yesterday.

Two men at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, while under the river in a diving bell, Thursday, were released by the air valves having choked. One of them is dead but the other may possibly recover.

It is currently reported that Gen. Sickles, of Dauntless fame, was thrown from a carriage Thursday afternoon, while driving from Farville to Ashland, Mass. Any fractured bones, we suppose, was necessary to end the career of this gallant soldier seriously injured. The top escaped unhurt.

The internal revenue collections in St. Louis county for the fiscal year ending June 30th, were three and a half millions.

A flash from clothes occurred yesterday, in Bellevue Hospital, New York. The patient was pulled up in the stock, and died in half an hour.

A dispatch from Grandview, White Sulphur Springs, Va., says: Gen. Robert E. Lee arrived and was received with great enthusiasm. Gen. Hampton, Gen. Imboden, ex-Secretary Ingram, General Roberts, R. R. Anderson, and Union Engineer are among the guests. Secretary Browning has engaged cottages, and will move on Saturday. Secretary Seward is daily receiving letters with invitations to visit. A large number of railroad officials and directors are now among them from Boston to St. Louis. Ex-Governor Wise, President of the New York Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, Governor Morgan, Governor Buckingham, Governor Bullock, Minister to Mexico, and Rodriguez from Spain, &c. will arrive to-day. Gen. Lee is greatly improved and the meeting of railroad men and Democrats has in it matters of great importance in the coming campaign. Secretary Seward was the subject of considerable attention on the part of the guests. Secretary Seward will not be able to attend the meeting of railroad men and Democrats, but he is making preparations for a grand demonstration ball will be given on Tuesday next in honor of the distinguished visitors.

The crop reports from Alabama are still unfavorable.

SELECT BILLS.

In the Senate of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, August 19, 1868.

Within sixty days you are to decide at the polls upon the principles and general policy that are to control the administration of public affairs for the next four years. On the result hang the grave questions of the peace and good order of society, the prosperity of the industrial classes, the development of the resources of the country, the integrity of the Union, and the guarantees of liberty.

In the midst of the contest, the party that for four years pursued the arts of industry, by taxing it with a burden of oppression beyond millions of debt, favored the country by civil war, the threatened the destruction of the Union and the overthrow of liberty, solicits your suffrages, declaring that it has no principles or officials or measures to support, and calls upon the Democracy to organize and nominate. With unbroken strength and unity of purpose, nothing is to hinder the party from getting to its rendezvous. It is the habit of success not to relax the energy, for it has learned the lesson of victory. Let the party, then, in the primary elections, select the best men for the offices to be filled, and let the people, by their votes, ratify the choice of the conventions.

And now it is time, under God, through the ballot box and civil strife. For four years, having the power, the party of the Democracy, on the part of success due to disaster to our arms. Hence it succeeded every time it took the initiative, and failed every time it took second position in history.

The resolutions adopted by the Democratic National Convention, that nominated you that "we must have a President who will execute the will of the people by carrying out the wishes of the majority of the representatives of the people in Congress." I repeat, this is the rule and only safe rule which will allow to control the public credit, to collect the taxes, and to put the country in a condition to meet the contest now fast coming on.

You are to be nominated, and Wade Hampton after you, and the issue will be made up between the Democracy and the Radicals. Secretary Browning has engaged a number of railroad officials and directors are now among them from Boston to St. Louis, Governor Morgan, Governor Buckingham, Governor Bullock, Governor Northern Railroad, Governor Rodriguez from Spain, &c.

The Daily Commercial

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 22, 1846.

In proof of the extensive circulation of the Commercial, we call your further attention to the New York Herald, Chicago Sun, and other papers of the country in which and other cities, and that leading English commercial papers and circulars regularly receive them and credit. There is within the knowledge, or liability of any one of the subscribers to the Commercial, press, weekly, because its reports are the only full and reliable given of the Pittsburgh market.

National Union Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL OF PENNSYLVANIA,

JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL OF PENNSYLVANIA,

JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

CONGRESSIONAL CONFERENCE DISTRICT.

JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SENATE,

JAMES L. GRAHAM.

FOR ASSEMBLY,

GEORGE WILSON, WILLIAM H. HUNTER, VINCENT WIGGIN, JAMES TAYLOR, SAMUEL KERR, GEORGE S. MORGAN.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES—ALFRED PENNOCK.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE—WILLIAM M. PLACE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—ISAAC LANGLEY.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—JONATHAN MORLEY.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR—A. MCCLURE.

FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR—G. MCBRIDE.

CITY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR—JAMES L. GRAHAM.

FOR CONTROLLER—GEORGE WILSON, WILLIAM S. HUNTER, VINCENT WIGGIN, JAMES TAYLOR, SAMUEL KERR, GEORGE S. MORGAN.

FOR ASSISTANT ASSESSORS—ALFRED PENNOCK.

FOR ASSISTANT ASSESSOR—WILLIAM M. PLACE.

FOR COUNCILMEN—ISAAC LANGLEY.

FOR COUNCILMEN—JONATHAN MORLEY.

FOR CITY SURVEYOR—A. MCCLURE.

FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR—G. MCBRIDE.

CITY HOUSE.

FOR MAYOR—JAMES L. GRAHAM.

FOR CONTROLLER—ROBERT J. MCKNIGHT.

FOR TREASURER—ROBERT A. SNOWDEN.

FOR TREASURER—A. C. DICKSON.

SCHENCK has got home without some War Department of prominence and influence dashing for Chase, on the issue forced on by the Tammany ticket and the threatening attitude of the South. Very recently the President of one of Pennsylvania's greatest institutions was called up by his Democratic friends, who got for an answer, that while he was no politician he had distinct views and opinions in his convictions; that he had become confident that in order to give effect to the victory won in the field and avoid another struggle, Grant's election was a necessity; he should, therefore, support him and advise all his friends to do so.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, the Vice President of the late Confederacy, was one of the most reluctant to adopt secession, and is one of the most frantic to give it up. His look on the subject is out, and in it he sums up the struggle by going it on his opinion that when "the history of "this conflict is written, the Right and Justice of the cause will be found to be on "the side of those with whom his fortunes were cast, with whom his feelings and sympathies were thoroughly enlisted, and "for whom success his utmost exertions "were put forth." The rebel leaders are grateful for acting on this view of the question. This is defiant attitude in the Position the curious process that they are as bad at heart as ever, and on every hand it is perfectly apparent that the South is as much in rebellion as ever.

THE Democratic delight in stigmatizing the Republicans, because they are for maintaining the public faith, as the "bondholding party." For our part, we should scorn no epithet too bad, if it were necessary to earn it in order to preserve unsullied the nation's fair name. But what says Mr. Stephens about the "bloated bondholders," on the 15th of May in last November in which he said,

> [illegible]

The only thing for the Democrats to determine in this connection, is whether Mr. Stephens holds to these sentiments now or has exchanged them for those of the Republicans.

THE letter to the New York Times, printed in this paper, describing the condition of affairs in Tennessee, will be read with universal interest. There is every reason to believe that not only in Tennessee, but in the South generally, the rebels are thoroughly organized and well armed. The facts go to prove that the South is as much in rebellion now against the Government as ever, a state of things which can be viewed in no other light than as a foretaste of what must follow the election of Seymour and Blair. Governor Vance spoke not at random when he said that in the election of the Tammany ticket "everything for which the South fought "will be won," and Governor Wise allowed equally to the truth when three days after the New York Convention he declared that "secession is not dead but alive "and well."

SO TWO WAYS.

If there is a single Southern and Democrat in the South who does not believe the revolutionary programme, it is a good time to show himself. If the violence and treason preached and practiced by the Democratic leaders in the South, and which, if successful and can be closed, will be imbued into the new Administration, do not have the approval of Northern Democrats, it is high time that they abandoned the Tammany Ticket. The situation is quite too serious to admit of any trifling. From the moment of the denouncement in Tammany Hall—whether the expectations of the great mass of the party that a candidate would be nominated the support of whom would not strike directly at the verdict of the war, were at one blow, by the traitors North and South, lead by Vallandigham, consigned—down to the present hour, it has been as plain as the sun at unclouded noon-day, that first of all the questions to be settled in the canvass was, *shall the verdict of the war stand?* In the South those who were for the rebellion support Seymour and Blair as the most effective way of declaring that it shall not stand but be reversed; so that, as Gov. Vance, of North Carolina, infinitely declared, "we fought for which the South fought will be won." On the other hand, those faithful men in the South who resisted there lawless in the South who resisted there lawless, all for the old flag, support Grant. With all the earnestness which characterized their efforts at the opening of the drama or episode at the close of it Grant is not for, they tell us that if Grant is not elected everything for which the rebels struggled will be won.

It is not enough, therefore, with the sane of these existing, that Northern Democrats, not blinded by mere party feeling, should come back from the Tammany ticket and refuse to enter under the leadership of the Rosecrucis, the Fernandos, the Cowans, the Tweeddales, the Brannans, and other baffled conspirators. The issue is one being in every essential respect that of 1861, men of reason and conscience have no alternative but to support the cause, the man of peace, fidelity and loyal capacity. All over the country, therefore, our Democrats are declaring for him, just as they declared for the Government when the rebels hurled the first shot at the flag of Sumter. Every day we hear of individual instances, and we look for a movement of the masses in the same direction.

GRANT'S GENERALSHIP.

In spite of the crushing arguments, facts and figures in relation to the efficiency of General Grant's generalship, the *World* continues to assert that Grant had more men, but heavily, and was not comparable to Lee as a General. We gave the figures of the relative armies only a few weeks since, and again summarize. The Army of the Potomac in April, 1862, was 98,000 men fit for duty. When Grant crossed the Rapidan he had, besides the reinforcements after the battle of the Wilderness included Transo's division, 4,000, which joined him at Spottsylvania; the Eighteenth Corps, 20,000 strong, from Butler's army, which joined at Cold Harbor, and one slight new regiments and accessories of recruits, which were employed to fill up the thinned out old. The whole reinforcements were not over than 50,000 men. The figures are, Lee's from the returns at Washington, field return for the 20th of April, 1864, showing present for duty, armed effectives, 52,000, exclusive of [illegible] corps, which joined him a [illegible] the second corps, which joined him at [illegible] corps, which joined him at [illegible] the second corps, which joined him at [illegible] corps, which joined him at [illegible] the second corps, which joined him at [illegible] corps, which joined him at

The Daily Commercial

EDITION OF THIS DATE.

THE NEWCASTLE CAMP MEETING.

The Closing Exercises—Gratifying Results of the Meeting—A Review.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

NEWCASTLE, August 21, 1868.

The Newcastle camp meeting now begun to history, and we may now therefore complete our report.

The services of Saturday evening were conducted by Rev. D. W. Carr, of New Philadelphia, Ohio, who earnestly set before a large congregation "life and death, blessing and cursing." The prayer meeting which followed was one of great power, many having come to the altar of mercy professed conversion.

On Sunday at 9 a. m., Rev. L. Fuller, of Rochester, showed that "Grace we make a life to better than the angels for the sufferings of death." At 10 a. m. Dr. J. Williams told the people, in a sermon of marked power and effect, "That by which, certainly, a sinner shall save a soul from death, and hide a multitude of sins." At 2 p. m. A. C. W. Baker, of Beaver street, declared that in the house of the reformed "there shall be no death," and at 7 o'clock, J. B. Wilkinson, of Penn's creation, "What shall I do with Jesus?" The congregation on Sunday at every service was very large, and evidently deeply interested in the sermons. After the 9 a. m. sermon an experience or general class meeting was held, conducted by Rev. D. Morrow, of Bridgewater. It was the intention to have had sermon at 3 p. m., by Rev. J. J. Williams, but in the regret of his numerous friends and many strangers who were desirous of hearing him, that gentleman withdrew his appointment at the evening service that he might preach the close of the 3 p. m. and the 7 p. m. services, and the people were somewhat wearied with the prior exercises.

The evening prayer meeting showed that the day had not been spent in vain, and many souls were converted and sanctified.

On Monday, at 9 a. m., a very profitable general class meeting was held, and at 10½ the communion season was presented by Rev. J. Horner, from the words, "He that spared not His own Son, but delivered Him up for us all, how shall He not with Him freely give us all things." A large number communed, and the services were exceedingly solemn and impressive. At 2½ p. m. Rev. W. Edwards, of Elizabeth church, preached from Rom. 5, and at 7½ p. m. J. Gemmell, of Beaver, declared in the unconverted multitudes that "all must appear before the judgment seat of Christ," at which last sermon the writer of these lines was present, and much fruit was gathered.

On Sunday a general "love feast" was held at 9 a. m., by C. Kennedy, of Connellsville, and at 10 a. m. by Rev. J. Cunningham, of Rayne, Pa., proclaimed the blessings of the sanctified life. "Watch ye in the counsel of the unconverted," and at 7 p. m. J. H. Hazlett, of Canada, preached from John 15, 11, 12, 13. The altar was filled with weeping penitents, and rich grace found power.

On Wednesday, at 9 a. m., Rev. S. L. Bate, P. E. of West Pittsburgh District, preached from 1 John, 5, 4, "Victory and victory expressed, and defiance of the doctrine of universal salvation. At 10 a. m. Rev. W. Hamilton, of Allegheny, preached from "perfect love cometh out of fear." A brief and appropriate address to the young people from the text made by J. Hollingshead.

On Wednesday, at 2 p. m., Rev. S. L. Bate, P. E. of West Pittsburgh District, preached from 1 John, 5, 4, "Victory and victory expressed, and defiance of the doctrine of universal salvation. At 10 a. m. Rev. W. Hamilton, of Allegheny, preached from "perfect love cometh out of fear." A brief and appropriate address to the young people from the text made by J. Hollingshead.

On Wednesday evening, August 19, 1868, the camp meeting ground was thronged with people, and the altar was filled with penitents, and many rose converted to God. Rev. Cunningham, in a few words, "Oh that myself and my household may be saved," and at the close the people were invited to a communion, and the altar was filled with a throng of penitents, and one-third around the altar were converted to God. Rev. Cunningham, in a few words, "Oh that myself and my household may be saved," and at the close the people were invited to a communion, and the altar was filled with a throng of penitents, and one-third around the altar were converted to God. Rev. Cunningham, in a few words, "Oh that myself and my household may be saved," and at the close the people were invited to a communion, and the altar was filled with a throng of penitents, and one-third around the altar were converted to God.

On Thursday, at 9 a. m., Rev. J. Cunningham, of Rayne, preached from Rom. 5, 1, "Justified by faith we have peace with God," and at 10 a. m. Rev. J. Hollingshead, of Beaver, declared in the unconverted multitudes that "all must appear before the judgment seat of Christ," at which last sermon the writer of these lines was present, and much fruit was gathered.

On Sunday a general "love feast" was held at 9 a. m., by C. Kennedy, of Connellsville, and at 10 a. m. by Rev. J. Cunningham, of Rayne, Pa., proclaimed the blessings of the sanctified life. "Watch ye in the counsel of the unconverted," and at 7 p. m. J. H. Hazlett, of Canada, preached from John 15, 11, 12, 13. The altar was filled with weeping penitents, and rich grace found power.

On Wednesday, at 9 a. m., Rev. S. L. Bate, P. E. of West Pittsburgh District, preached from 1 John, 5, 4, "Victory and victory expressed, and defiance of the doctrine of universal salvation. At 10 a. m. Rev. W. Hamilton, of Allegheny, preached from "perfect love cometh out of fear." A brief and appropriate address to the young people from the text made by J. Hollingshead.

On Wednesday evening, August 19, 1868, the camp meeting ground was thronged with people, and the altar was filled with penitents, and many rose converted to God. Rev. Cunningham, in a few words, "Oh that myself and my household may be saved," and at the close the people were invited to a communion, and the altar was filled with a throng of penitents, and one-third around the altar were converted to God. Rev. Cunningham, in a few words, "Oh that myself and my household may be saved," and at the close the people were invited to a communion, and the altar was filled with a throng of penitents, and one-third around the altar were converted to God.

On Thursday, at 9 a. m., Rev. J. Cunningham, of Rayne, preached from Rom. 5, 1, "Justified by faith we have peace with God," and at 10 a. m. Rev. J. Hollingshead, of Beaver, declared in the unconverted multitudes that "all must appear before the judgment seat of Christ," at which last sermon the writer of these lines was present, and much fruit was gathered.

On Sunday a general "love feast" was held at 9 a. m., by C. Kennedy, of Connellsville, and at 10 a. m. by Rev. J. Cunningham, of Rayne, Pa., proclaimed the blessings of the sanctified life. "Watch ye in the counsel of the unconverted," and at 7 p. m. J. H. Hazlett, of Canada, preached from John 15, 11, 12, 13. The altar was filled with weeping penitents, and rich grace found power.

On Wednesday, at 9 a. m., Rev. S. L. Bate, P. E. of West Pittsburgh District, preached from 1 John, 5, 4, "Victory and victory expressed, and defiance of the doctrine of universal salvation. At 10 a. m. Rev. W. Hamilton, of Allegheny, preached from "perfect love cometh out of fear." A brief and appropriate address to the young people from the text made by J. Hollingshead.

On Wednesday evening, August 19, 1868, the camp meeting ground was thronged with people, and the altar was filled with penitents, and many rose converted to God. Rev. Cunningham, in a few words, "Oh that myself and my household may be saved," and at the close the people were invited to a communion, and the altar was filled with a throng of penitents, and one-third around the altar were converted to God. Rev. Cunningham, in a few words, "Oh that myself and my household may be saved," and at the close the people were invited to a communion, and the altar was filled with a throng of penitents, and one-third around the altar were converted to God.

On Thursday, at 9 a. m., Rev. J. Cunningham, of Rayne, preached from Rom. 5, 1, "Justified by faith we have peace with God," and at 10 a. m. Rev. J. Hollingshead, of Beaver, declared in the unconverted multitudes that "all must appear before the judgment seat of Christ," at which last sermon the writer of these lines was present, and much fruit was gathered.

Funeral of the Queen of Madagascar.

The funeral of the late queen of Madagascar was a military affair. While the mail was being made, cannon and muskets were fired all day long, the chief road through the city up to the palace being lined with soldiers, over the stone tomb is a strong wooden structure, as usual over the graves of the sovereigns and the higher class of nobles. The courtyard was thronged with people at work preparing the grave. Just near the gate, the masons were doing the masonry, and on the right were the metal workers employed at their furnaces, forming a silver bier for a coffin. In another place carpenters were busy making the wooden boxes. The coffin was very massive, but seven inches in breadth and depth, and about seven feet long. It was made of teak, each tier formed of fifty dollars covered together in a rough style, and very little was done to polish it. The funeral procession was grand. The silver case was put into the tomb beforehand, but the corpse was carried under a pagoda erected throughout the monument with crowds. Then the case was taken up on litters and placed on trestle at the west of the tomb. The silver stood around for some time empty. The actual burial did not take place until night. An immense number of silk flowers, native silk cloths, ornaments, spices, a horse and others, and a few containing $1,000 were all put into the tomb, as well as a stock of dresses, and many other things. After the funeral ceremonies and three thousand bullocks were killed.

Gold Discoveries at Lacrosse.

Lacrosse is just now considerably excited over the discovery of gold about thirty miles to the northward, in the "Bluffton Bar" range of mountains, on the North Platte slope. The discovery was made in January or December last, by James R. Clark and Mr. Toth, of Lacrosse, who, however, kept the knowledge to themselves until recently. The gold is found in a quick zone six miles long, known as "Moore's gulch," conditions as "Virginia City" in the primary formation of "Clark's Creek." Specimens of the gold have been made, and the result of the assay is $17 per ton. Several companies have been formed, and the work is progressing. The full extent of the discovery cannot be known for some time, but it is thought that a valuable mining can be obtained near the railroad, between Sweetwaterville and Freedom, if not, perhaps the present ground will be selected.

Funeral of the Queen of Madagascar.

The funeral of the late queen of Madagascar was a military affair. While the mail was being made, cannon and muskets were fired all day long, the chief road through the city up to the palace being lined with soldiers, over the stone tomb is a strong wooden structure, as usual over the graves of the sovereigns and the higher class of nobles. The courtyard was thronged with people at work preparing the grave. Just near the gate, the masons were doing the masonry, and on the right were the metal workers employed at their furnaces, forming a silver bier for a coffin. In another place carpenters were busy making the wooden boxes. The coffin was very massive, but seven inches in breadth and depth, and about seven feet long. It was made of teak, each tier formed of fifty dollars covered together in a rough style, and very little was done to polish it. The funeral procession was grand. The silver case was put into the tomb beforehand, but the corpse was carried under a pagoda erected throughout the monument with crowds. Then the case was taken up on litters and placed on trestle at the west of the tomb. The silver stood around for some time empty. The actual burial did not take place until night. An immense number of silk flowers, native silk cloths, ornaments, spices, a horse and others, and a few containing $1,000 were all put into the tomb, as well as a stock of dresses, and many other things. After the funeral ceremonies and three thousand bullocks were killed.

Gold Discoveries at Lacrosse.

Lacrosse is just now considerably excited over the discovery of gold about thirty miles to the northward, in the "Bluffton Bar" range of mountains, on the North Platte slope. The discovery was made in January or December last, by James R. Clark and Mr. Toth, of Lacrosse, who, however, kept the knowledge to themselves until recently. The gold is found in a quick zone six miles long, known as "Moore's gulch," conditions as "Virginia City" in the primary formation of "Clark's Creek." Specimens of the gold have been made, and the result of the assay is $17 per ton. Several companies have been formed, and the work is progressing. The full extent of the discovery cannot be known for some time, but it is thought that a valuable mining can be obtained near the railroad, between Sweetwaterville and Freedom, if not, perhaps the present ground will be selected.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

DR. WISTAR'S GREAT REMEDY

WISTAR'S OINTMENT will cure

WISTAR'S OINTMENT will cure

WISTAR'S OINTMENT will cure all diseases of the Skin.

Price 50 cents—or half the sum. All Druggists sell it.

WISTAR & FUTCH, Boston, Mass. and Proprietors.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

VOIGT, MAHOOD & CO.,

Produce Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Tallow, Dried Fruits, Potatoes, Onions, Apples, Peaches, Beans, Hides, Furs, Wool, Feathers, Seeds, Etc.

No. 68 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Receive and sell Each Kinds of Country Produce.

Consignments solicited. Cash advances made on receipt of goods.

BRYAN & CAUGHEY,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &c.,

No. 78 WATER STREET,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

BOWEN, POTTER & EBBS,

WOOL

Commission Merchants,

212 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Consignments solicited. Cash advances made on receipt of goods.

T. C. JEANES.

CHECKERED FRONT,

323 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND

WHOLESALE DEALER IN Flour and All Kinds of Produce.

Every Flour Circular and Barrel Faces and Guaranteed.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

STEAM TO

Liverpool and Queenstown,

The Inman Line Mail Steamships,

Sailing Regularly for the Season,

From Pier No. 45, North River, New York

EVERY SATURDAY,

And Every Alternate Monday,

Speed and Accommodation Guaranteed

One of Each Line Carries Passengers only,

REDUCED RATES.

Passage or Steerage Rooms, as Desired.

To Liverpool, $60. To Halifax, $30

Payable in Gold.

Passengers will be forwarded to Derry, Dundee, Glasgow, Belfast, Queenstown, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Paris, Etc., at Low Rates.

For Passage Tickets, Drafts, Exchange, Etc., apply to

WM. INGHAM, Jr.,

No. 29 BROADWAY, New York.

Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills,

A Certain and Reliable Remedy for all Diseases of the

KIDNEYS, BLADDER, AND URINARY ORGANS.

And for the relief of Suffering Females. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1 per box.

Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills

Should be carefully, but not generally taken by persons who are subject to Fits of Biliousness, as they are very powerful in their effects upon the Liver, Kidneys and Bladder.

Read the following Testimony to Their Value:

[From A. KELLY, Druggist, Pittsburgh, Pa.]

I have sold Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills for the last two years, and have never had a single complaint. They are the best selling Pill I have ever had in my store.

PARK, SNARE & SHETTLER,

(Successors to Wheeler & Bell.)

NO. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET,

DEALERS IN

PIANOS, ORGANS,

AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE GENERALLY.

Sole Agents for the celebrated PRESCOTT, New Scale PIANOS, and MELODEONS & C. Pittsburgh.

PIANOS. Sole Agents for the celebrated PRESCOTT, New Scale PIANOS, and MELODEONS & C. Pittsburgh.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co

Are authorized to receive Advertisements at the lowest rates.

Advertisements forwarded to all Newspapers.

No extra charge in Purchases' prices.

All similar favors appreciated.

Information as to Cost of Advertising furnished, also other useful information.

Inquiries by mail answered promptly.

Complete Printed List of Newspapers for sale.

Special Lists prepared for Customers.

Advertisements Written and Bottom-worked.

Orders from Business Men promptly solicited.

40 Park Row N.Y.

THE CELEBRATED

WALTER GRAPE.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

Price $1 per Bottle.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.

OF THE

CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, in the Allegheny Trust Co.'s Building.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

W. W. MARTIN, President.

JAS. E. SHERRARD, Secretary

DIRECTORS:

A. M. Brown, Robt. Lee,
Jno. A. Negley, Jno. Thompson,
Jno. Caldwell, Jno. Flack,
H. P. Ford, Jacob Heyl,
Jno. Lockhart.

Manufacturers and Merchants' INSURANCE COMPANY,

CAPITAL, - - - - - $200,000.

OFFICE,

Second Door and Cupolas, Buildings, Furniture and Merchandise,

ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Office, No. 97 DIAMOND STREET BUILDING, West Diamond.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips, Jno. Bissell,
Wm. Eichbaum, Jno. Bissell, Jr.,
Wm. Thaw, Jr., Jno. Scott,
Wm. Wilkins, Jr., Jno. H. Ewing,
Wm. Thaw, Jno. Vandevort,
Wm. Wilkins, Jno. Flack,
Wm. Bissell, Jno. Caldw

COMMERCIAL DIRECTORY.

AGRICULTURAL.

ADVERTISING AGENTS.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

BRICK MANUFACTURERS.

BELTING AND HOSE.

BROKER.

BOILERS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

BEDSTEAD FACTORY.

COOPERAGE.

CLOTH DEALERS.

COMMISS ON--PRODUCE.

CORKS AND BUNGS.

CARPETS.

CRACKER BAKERS.

DRY GOODS.

DRUGGISTS.

DRUGGISTS--WHOLESALE.

ENGINE BUILDER.

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

FENCES, IRON RAILINGS.

FILE MANUFACTURERS.

FURNISHING GOODS.

FOUNDRIES.

FLOUR DEALER.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

GAS FITTERS, PLUMBERS.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

GROCERS.

GUNS, AMMUNITION, &C.

HARDWARE.

HAIR WORKERS.

IRON WORK.

IRON SAFES, &C.

INSURANCE.

COMMERCIAL DIRECTORY.

JEWELERS.

LOOKING GLASSES.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

MARBLE YARD.

MUSIC DEALERS.

MECHAN'L ENGINEERING.

MILLINERY, &C.

MACHINERY.

NEWSPAPERS.

PHYSICIAN.

PLANING MILL.

PATENTS.

PAPER AND PAPER STOCK.

ROPE MANUFACTURERS.

ROOFING.

STEEL WORKS.

STEAM PUMPS.

SPICES, COFFEES, &C.

STOVES AND GRATES

STOVES AND TINWARE.

SEGARS.

STEAM COACHES.

STORAGE.

TRUNKS, VALISES, &C.

TOBACCO.

TIMBERS' STOCK.

VINEGAR.

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

☞ Regulation Headquarters, City Hall, Open every day. County Committee meets every Wednesday, at 7 P. M.

Meteorological Observations.

Pittsburgh, Saturday, August 22, 1868.

7 A. M.	[illegible]
2 P. M.	[illegible]
9 P. M.	[illegible]

Rainfall during the day, [illegible] inches.

THE DEATH OF E. T. LANIER.

The Post Mortem Examination—Testimony Before the Coroner's Jury—No Evidence of Poison—The Inquest Adjourned Until the 25th.

The post mortem examination of the body of Edgar T. Lanier, who died at his residence, No. 57 Sandusky street, Allegheny, on Wednesday afternoon, was held yesterday morning, commencing at 10 o'clock, and was concluded at 2 P. M. The examination was conducted by Dr. John Hamilton, coroner of Allegheny county, assisted by Drs. Hamilton, Wilson and others, all of whom are physicians of the highest standing in the profession. Besides the gentlemen named, there were present a number of the friends of the deceased, and a number of physicians, who were invited to be present. The examination was conducted with the greatest care, and the result was the conviction of the physicians that there was no evidence of poison in the body, and that death was caused by natural causes. The following is the report of the examination:

We, the undersigned, physicians, having been requested by the Coroner of Allegheny county to make a post mortem examination of the body of Edgar T. Lanier, who died at his residence, No. 57 Sandusky street, Allegheny, on Wednesday, August 19, 1868, at 2 P. M., after a lingering illness of about two years, and after the most careful examination of the body, and of the various organs, we find no evidence of poison, and that death was caused by natural causes.

The following is a description of the body and the various organs:

The body is that of a man about 5 feet 10 inches in height, and weighing about 150 pounds. The body is well developed, and the muscular system is well marked. The body is in a state of extreme emaciation, and the skin is of a dark color. The head is of the usual size, and the hair is dark and thick. The eyes are sunken, and the pupils are dilated. The mouth is filled with a dark colored mucus. The teeth are in a good state of preservation, and the gums are healthy. The tongue is dry and coated with a dark colored fur. The throat is filled with a dark colored mucus. The chest is well developed, and the ribs are in a healthy condition. The lungs are in a healthy condition, and contain a large amount of dark colored blood. The heart is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The liver is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The spleen is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The kidneys are in a healthy condition, and contain a large amount of dark colored blood. The bladder is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The stomach is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The intestines are in a healthy condition, and contain a large amount of dark colored blood. The pancreas is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The mesentery is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The omentum is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The peritoneum is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The pleura is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The pericardium is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The aorta is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The vena cava is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The pulmonary artery is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The pulmonary veins are in a healthy condition, and contain a large amount of dark colored blood. The brain is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The spinal cord is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The nerves are in a healthy condition, and contain a large amount of dark colored blood. The muscles are in a healthy condition, and contain a large amount of dark colored blood. The skin is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The hair is in a healthy condition, and contains a large amount of dark colored blood. The nails are in a healthy condition, and contain a large amount of dark colored blood.

The following physicians were present at the examination: Drs. John Hamilton, coroner of Allegheny county; Dr. Wilson, of Allegheny; Dr. Hamilton, of Pittsburgh; Dr. Easton, of Pittsburgh